

The Gazette of India

EXTRAORDINARY

PART II—Section 3

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 334] 11 V DELHI, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1956

MINISTRY OF LAW

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 1st November 1956

S.R.O. 2538.—The following Order made by the President is published for general information:—

THE ADAPTATION OF LAWS (NO. 1) ORDER, 1956

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 372A of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Adaptation of Laws (No. 1) Order, 1956.

(2) It shall come into force on the 1st day of November, 1956.

2. The General Clauses Act, 1897, and the States Reorganisation Act, 1956, shall, until repealed or amended by a competent Legislature or other competent authority, have effect subject to the adaptations and modifications specified in the Schedule to this Order.

THE SCHEDULE

THE GENERAL CLAUSES ACT, 1897

(10 OF 1897)

Section 3.—In clause (8),—

in sub-clause (b) (i), omit “and” at the end;

in sub-clause (b) (ii), after “Part C State” insert “before the commencement of the Constitution (Seventh Amendment) Act, 1956” and add “and” at the end; and

after sub-clause (b) (ii) insert:—

“(iii) in relation to the administration of a Union territory, the administrator thereof acting within the scope of the

authority given to him under article 239 of the Constitution”.

In clause (41), after “to the Constitution” insert “as in force before the Constitution (Seventh Amendment) Act, 1956”.

In clause (49), for “a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “India”.

In clause (50), for “under article 243 of the Constitution and shall include” substitute “under article 240 of the Constitution and shall include a Regulation made by the President under article 243 thereof and”.

For clause (58), substitute:—

“(58) “State”—

- (a) as respects any period before the commencement of the Constitution (Seventh Amendment) Act, 1956, shall mean a Part A State, a Part B State or a Part C State; and
- (b) as respects any period after such commencement, shall mean a State specified in the First Schedule to the Constitution and shall include a Union territory”.

In clause (60),—

in sub-clause (a), omit “and” at the end;

in sub-clause (b), for “or to be done after the commencement of the Constitution” substitute “after the commencement of the Constitution and before the commencement of the Constitution (Seventh Amendment) Act, 1956”;

after sub-clause (b), insert:—

- “(c) as respects anything done or to be done after the commencement of the Constitution (Seventh Amendment) Act, 1956, shall mean, in a State, the Governor, and in a Union territory, the Central Government;

and shall, in relation to functions entrusted under article 258-A of the Constitution to the Government of India, include the Central Government acting within the scope of the authority given to it under that article”.

After clause (62), insert:—

“(62A) “Union territory” shall mean any Union territory specified in the First Schedule to the Constitution and shall include any other territory comprised within the territory of India but not specified in that Schedule”.

THE STATES REORGANISATION ACT, 1956

(37 of 1956)

Section 2.—In clause (i) omit “Part A”.

Section 5.—Omit “Part A”.

Section 6.—For “new Part C State” substitute “Union territory”

Sections 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11.—Omit "Part A".

Omit section 14

Section 15.—In clauses (a) and (c), for "Part C States" substitute "Union territories".

Section 16.—In sub-section (1) (c), for "Part C State" substitute "Union territory", and for "such State", substitute "such territory"

Section 60.—In sub-sections (1) and (2), for "Part C State" substitute "Union territory".

Section 75.—For "Part C State" substitute "Union territory".

Section 116.—Omit "Part A" wherever it occurs, and for "Part C State" wherever it occurs substitute "Union territory".

Section 120.—After "any of the States" insert "or Union territories"; and in clause (b) of the Explanation, omit "Part A" and for "Part C State" substitute "Union territory".

Section 121.—After "in relation to any State" insert "or Union territory".

Section 122.—For "Part C State" substitute "Union territory"

Section 125.—In sub-section (1), after "territories of another State" insert "or form a Union territory" and after "in the other State" insert "or the Union territory, as the case may be".

In clause (b) of sub-section (3), after "in a State" insert "or Union territory", after "in that State" occurring in both the places insert "or Union territory" and after "of that State" insert "or the Central Government, as the case may be".

The Third Schedule.—In the opening paragraph, after "each of the States" insert "and Union territories"; and for "Part A State" substitute "State other than Jammu and Kashmir".

In the Table, omit the heading "States".

The Fourth Schedule.—Under the heading "II. Modified form of paragraphs 3 and 5 of the Constitution (Distribution of Revenues) Order, 1953", in sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3, after "first half and" insert "to Union territories" and in sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 3, for "Part C States" substitute "Union territories" and for "Part A States" substitute "States (other than the State of Jammu and Kashmir)".

[No. F. 7/56-C.]

S.R.O. 2539.—The following Order made by the President is published for general information:—

THE ADAPTATION OF LAWS (NO. 2) ORDER, 1956

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of article 372A of the Constitution, section 120 of the States Reorganisation Act, 1956 (37 of 1956) and section 44 of the Bihar and West Bengal

(Transfer of Territories) Act, 1956 (40 of 1956) and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the President hereby makes the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Adaptation of Laws (No. 2) Order, 1956.

(2) It shall come into force on the 1st day of November, 1956.

2. The General Clauses Act, 1897, applies for the interpretation of this Order as it applies for the interpretation of a Central Act.

3. As from the 1st day of November, 1956, the Central Acts, Regulation and Order mentioned in the Schedule to this Order shall, until repealed or amended by a competent Legislature or other competent authority, have effect, subject to the adaptations and modifications directed by the Schedule, or if it is so directed, shall stand repealed.

4. Where this Order requires that in any specified section or other portion of an Act or Regulation certain words shall be substituted for certain other words, or that certain words shall be omitted, that substitution or omission, as the case may be, shall, except where it is otherwise expressly provided, be made wherever the words referred to occur in that section or portion.

THE SCHEDULE

THE COASTING-VESSELS ACT, 1838

(19 of 1838)

Section 1.—For “to the States” substitute “to the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the States” and after “any other State” insert “or part of a State”.

Section 2.—After “any State” insert “or part of a State”.

THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS' DEFAULT ACT, 1850

(12 of 1850)

Section 3.—Omit “Part A”.

THE APPRENTICES ACT, 1850

(19 of 1850)

Section 13.—For “the said territories” substitute “the territories to which this Act extends”.

For section 23 substitute:—

“*Extent.* 23.—This Act extends to the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part A States or Part C States”.

Section 24.—Omit “without the said towns and island”.

THE INDIAN PENAL CODE

(45 OF 1860)

Section 124.—Omit “or Rajpramukh”.

THE STAGE CARRIAGES ACT, 1861

(16 OF 1861)

Section 22.—For “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE CONVERTS' MARRIAGE DISSOLUTION ACT, 1866

(21 OF 1866)

Section 35.—For “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

ACT No. 11 OF 1867

Section 2.—For “the States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part A States and Part C States”.

THE INDIAN DIVORCE ACT, 1869

(4 OF 1869)

Section 3.—For clause (1) substitute:—

“(1) ‘High Court’ means with reference to any area—

- (a) in a State, the High Court for that State;
- (b) in Delhi and Himachal Pradesh, the High Court of Punjab;
- (c) in Manipur and Tripura, the High Court of Assam;
- (d) in the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, the High Court at Calcutta;
- (e) in the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands, the High Court of Kerala;

and in the case of any petition under this Act, ‘High Court’ means the High Court for the area where the husband and wife reside or last resided together”.

THE BOMBAY CIVIL COURTS ACT, 1869

(14 OF 1869)

Section 1.—After “State of Bombay” insert “as it existed immediately before the 1st November, 1956”.

THE COURT FEES ACT, 1870

(7 OF 1870)

Section 1.—For “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

Section 3.—For “High Courts for Part A States” substitute “High Courts other than those of Kerala, Mysore and Rajasthan”.

THE OUDH TALUQDARS' RELIEF ACT, 1870

(24 OF 1870)

Section 4.—For “a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “a State”.

THE CATTLE-TRESPASS ACT, 1871

(1 OF 1871)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2) for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE CORONERS ACT, 1871

(4 OF 1871)

Section 25.—For “a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “India”.

THE PENSIONS ACT, 1871

(23 OF 1871)

Section 1.—For “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

Section 11.—Omit “in Part A States and Part C States”

THE PUNJAB LAWS ACT, 1872

(4 OF 1872)

Section 2.—For “constituting the States of Punjab and Delhi” substitute “which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the States of Punjab and Delhi”.

Section 3.—For “States of Punjab and Delhi” substitute “territories to which this Act extends”.

Section 50A.—For “States of Punjab and Delhi” substitute “territories to which this Act extends”.

THE INDIAN CHRISTIAN MARRIAGE ACT, 1872

(15 OF 1872)

Section 1.—For “the States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the States”.

Section 3.—In the definition of 'India', for "territory comprised in the States" substitute "territories".

THE NORTHERN INDIA CANAL AND DRAINAGE ACT, 1873

(8 OF 1873)

Section 1.—For "States of Punjab and Delhi" substitute "territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the States of Punjab and Delhi".

THE INDIAN OATHS ACT, 1873

(10 OF 1873)

Section 1.—For "States of Manipur and Jammu and Kashmir" substitute "State of Jammu and Kashmir and the Union territory of Manipur".

THE MARRIED WOMEN'S PROPERTY ACT, 1874

(3 OF 1874)

Section 2.—For "Part B States" substitute "the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States".

Section 6.—In sub-section (1), for "Part A State or Part C State" substitute "State".

In sub-section (2), for "Part A State or Part C State" substitute "territory to which this Act extends".

THE LAWS LOCAL EXTENT ACT, 1874

(15 OF 1874)

Section 3.—For "Part B States" substitute "the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States".

THE INDIAN LAW REPORTS ACT, 1875

(18 OF 1875)

Section 3.—For "Part A State or a Part B State" substitute "State".

THE CHOTA NAGPUR ENCUMBERED ESTATES ACT, 1876

(6 OF 1876)

Section 3.—For "any Part A State or Part C State" substitute "India except the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States".

THE BOMBAY REVENUE JURISDICTION ACT, 1876

(10 OF 1876)

Section 1.—For "State of Bombay" substitute "territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the State of Bombay".

Section 12.—Omit "of Judicature at Bombay".

THE OUDH LAWS ACT, 1876

(18 OF 1876)

Section 3.—In clause (f), for “Part A States and Part C States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part A States and Part C States”.

THE DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES ACT, 1876

(19 OF 1876)

Section 1.—For “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE INDIAN TREASURE-TROVE ACT, 1878

(6 OF 1878)

Section 1.—For “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE SEA CUSTOMS ACT, 1878

(8 OF 1878)

Section 20.—In sub-section (2), for “Government of a Part A State or a Part B State” substitute “Government of a State” and add at the end:

“Explanation.—In this sub-section, “State” does not include a Union territory.”

THE NORTHERN INDIA FERRIES ACT, 1878

(17 OF 1878)

Section 3.—Add at the end: “and ‘Punjab’ and ‘Ajmer’ mean the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the States of Punjab and Ajmer respectively”.

THE ELEPHANTS’ PRESERVATION ACT, 1879

(6 OF 1879)

Section 1.—For “Government of a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “State Government” and after “local area”, insert “which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, was not comprised in a Part B State”.

THE HACKNEY-CARRIAGE ACT, 1879

(14 OF 1879)

Section 3.—For “Punjab” substitute “Punjab as it existed immediately before the 1st November, 1956”.

THE DEKKHAN AGRICULTURISTS' RELIEF ACT, 1879
(17 OF 1879)

Section 1.—For “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November 1956 were comprised in Part B States” and for “State of Bombay” substitute “territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the State of Bombay”.

THE LEGAL PRACTITIONERS ACT, 1879
(18 OF 1879)

Section 1.—For the third paragraph substitute: “The rest of this Act extends, in the first instance, only to the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in West Bengal, Uttar Pradesh, Punjab, Bihar, Madhya Pradesh, Assam, Orissa and Delhi. But the State Government of any State may from time to time, by notification in the Official Gazette, extend all or any of the provisions of the rest of this Act to the whole or any part of that State to which such provisions do not extend”.

THE RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES ACT, 1880
(1 OF 1880)

Section 1.—For “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States.”

THE VACCINATION ACT, 1880
(13 OF 1880)

Section 1.—For “Punjab” substitute “Punjab as it existed immediately before the 1st November, 1956”.

THE MUNICIPAL TAXATION ACT, 1881
(11 OF 1881)

Section 1.—For “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE OBSTRUCTIONS IN FAIRWAYS ACT, 1881
(16 OF 1881)

The Preamble, Sections 2, 8, 11.—For “a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956 were comprised in Part A States and Part C States”.

Section 13.—For “the Government of a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “State Government”.

THE TRANSFER OF PROPERTY ACT, 1882

(4 OF 1882)

Section 1.—In the third paragraph, for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States or in the States of”.

In the fourth paragraph, for the “said States” substitute “the said territories”.

Section 3.—In the definition of “registered”, for “any State” substitute “any part of the territories”.

THE PRESIDENCY SMALL CAUSE COURTS ACT, 1882

(15 OF 1882)

Section 15.—For “Act of the Legislature of a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “State Act”.

Section 18.—In Explanation III, for “a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “India”.

Section 93.—Omit “for Part A States”.

THE LAND IMPROVEMENT LOANS ACT, 1883

(19 OF 1883)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States” and for “a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “the territories to which this Act extends”.

THE PUNJAB DISTRICT BOARDS ACT, 1883

(20 OF 1883)

Section 3.—After clause (6) insert:—

“(6a)—‘Punjab’ means the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the State with the same name”.

THE AGRICULTURISTS' LOANS ACT, 1884

(12 OF 1884)

Preamble.—For “other Part A States or Part C States” substitute “certain other areas”.

Section 2.—In sub-section (1), for “and section 3 extend to the whole of India except Part B States” substitute “extends to the whole of India except the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States.”.

For sub-section (2), substitute:—

“(2) the rest of this Act extends in the first instance only to Uttar Pradesh, the Central Provinces, Assam and Delhi and the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the States of Bombay, Punjab and Ajmer.”

In sub-section (3), for “the territories” substitute “the territories to which this Act extends”.

THE LAND ACQUISITION (MINES) ACT, 1885

(18 OF 1885)

Section 1.—For sub-sections (2) and (3) substitute:—

“(2) It extends to the whole of India except the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States.

(3) It applies in the first instance to the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the States of Madras, Andhra, West Bengal, Bihar, Assam and Orissa; but any State Government may, from time to time, by notification in the Official Gazette, bring this Act into force in the whole or any specified part of the territories to which this Act extends, under its administration.”

Section 16.—In clause (b), for “Part A States and Part C States” substitute “India”.

THE BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES REGISTRATION ACT, 1886

(6 OF 1886)

Section 2.—For “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

Sections 11 and 32.—For “a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “the territories to which this Act extends”.

Section 24.—For “Part A States and Part C States” substitute “the territories to which this Act extends”.

THE INDIAN TRAMWAYS ACT, 1886

(11 OF 1886)

Section 2.—In sub-section(1), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE SUITS VALUATION ACT, 1887

(7 OF 1887)

Section 1.—Add at the end—

“and it extends to the whole of India except the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States.”

Section 2.—For “Government of a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “State Government”.

Section 7.—Omit “extends to the whole of India except Part B States and”.

Section 11.—In sub-section (5), omit “extends to the whole of India except Part B States and”.

THE PROVINCIAL SMALL CAUSE COURTS ACT, 1887

(9 OF 1887)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

Second Schedule.—In item (25), for “a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “India”.

THE INDIAN RESERVE FORCES ACT, 1888

(4 OF 1888)

Section 3.—For “the territories comprised within Part A States and Part C States” substitute “India”.

THE INDIAN TOLLS ACT, 1888

(8 OF 1888)

Section 1.—Add at the end—

“as it existed immediately before the 1st November, 1956”.

Section 2.—For “In a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “In any part of India”.

THE METAL TOKENS ACT, 1889

(1 OF 1889)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

Section 2.—For “for the time being comprised in Part A States and Part C States” substitute “to which this Act extends.”.

THE MEASURES OF LENGTH ACT, 1889

(2 OF 1889)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

Section 5.—For “before the first day of April, 1937 under the authority of any Government in Part A States and Part C States” substitute “before the 26th January, 1950, by any Provincial Government”.

THE INDIAN RAILWAYS ACT, 1890

(9 OF 1890)

Section 39.—For “the State Government or the Government of a Part B State” substitute “or the State Government”.

THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS ACT, 1890
(11 OF 1890)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE EXCISE (MALT LIQUORS) ACT, 1890
(13 OF 1890)

Section 9.—For “Part A States and Part C States” when it occurs for the first time, substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part A States and Part C States” and when it occurs for the second time, substitute “the said territories”.

THE GOVERNMENT MANAGEMENT OF PRIVATE ESTATES
ACT, 1892
(10 OF 1892)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE PETIT BARONETCY ACT, 1893
(6 OF 1893)

Section 5.—For “Part A States or Part C States” substitute “India except the territories which, immediately before the 1st November 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE LAND ACQUISITION ACT, 1894
(1 OF 1894)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE PRISONS ACT, 1894
(9 OF 1894)

Preamble.—For “Part A States and Part C States” substitute “India except the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

In sub-section (4), after “the State of Bombay” insert “as it existed immediately before the 1st November, 1956”.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY COMPANIES ACT, 1895
(10 OF 1895)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE GOVERNMENT GRANTS ACT, 1895

(15 OF 1895)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE INLAND BONDED WAREHOUSES ACT, 1896

(8 OF 1896)

Section 2.—For “the territories for the time being comprised within Part A States and Part C States” substitute “India except the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE EPIDEMIC DISEASES ACT, 1897

(3 OF 1897)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

Section 2A.—For “a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “the territories to which this Act extends”.

THE INDIAN FISHERIES ACT, 1897

(4 OF 1897)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

Section 2.—For “a Part A State or a Part C State” substitute “the territories to which this Act extends”.

THE REFORMATORY SCHOOLS ACT, 1897

(8 OF 1897)

Section 1.—In sub-section (3), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE LEPERS ACT, 1898

(3 OF 1898)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

In sub-section (3), for “any Part A State or Part C State” substitute “any part of the territories to which this Act extends”.

In sub-section (4), after “the territories” insert “to which this Act extends”.

Section 19.—For “any Part B State” substitute “any part of India to which this Act does not extend”.

THE CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, 1898

(5 OF 1898)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “States of Jammu and Kashmir and Manipur” substitute “State of Jammu and Kashmir and the Union territory of Manipur”, for “the State of Madras” substitute “the State of Madras as it existed immediately before the 1st November, 1956” and for “the State of Bombay” substitute “the State of Bombay as it existed immediately before the 1st November, 1956”.

Section 54.—In clause *sixthly* of sub-section (1), omit “or from any unit of the armed forces maintained by Part B States”.

Section 93A.—For “State of Manipur” substitute “Union territory of Manipur”.

Section 179.—In illustration (d) for “Saurashtra” substitute “Madras”.

Section 198B.—In sub-section (3), omit “or Rajpramukh”.

Sections 266, 364, 365, 554 and 558.—For “High Court for a Part A State or a Part B State” substitute “High Court, not being a Court of the Judicial Commissioner”.

Section 503.—In the proviso, omit “or Rajpramukh”.

Schedule II.—In the entries relating to sections 500, 501 and 502, omit “or Rajpramukh”.

THE INDIAN STAMP ACT, 1899

(2 OF 1899)

Section 1.—In the proviso to sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

Section 57.—In sub-section (1), for items (a) to (g) substitute:—

- “(a) if it arises in a State, to the High Court for that State;
- (b) if it arises in the Union territory of Delhi or Himachal Pradesh, to the High Court of Punjab;
- (c) if it arises in the Union territory of Manipur or Tripura, to the High Court of Assam;
- (d) if it arises in the Union territory of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, to the High Court at Calcutta; and
- (e) if it arises in the Union territory of the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands, to the High Court of Kerala”.

Schedule I.—In article 53, after “Madras, Bombay and Andhra” insert “as they existed immediately before the 1st November, 1956”.

THE GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS ACT, 1899

(4 OF 1899)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE GLANDERS AND FARCY ACT, 1899

(13 OF 1899)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND KIRK SESSIONS ACT, 1899

(23 OF 1899)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE PRISONERS ACT, 1900

(3 OF 1900)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

Section 2.—For clause (c) substitute—

“(c) ‘States’ means the territories to which this Act extends”.

Section 15.—Omit clause (c).

Section 30.—In sub-section (4), for “any Part B State” substitute “any part of India to which this Act does not extend” and omit “or with such State or the Ruler thereof, as the case may be”.

Section 33.—For “Any Court which is a High Court for a Part A State” substitute “Any High Court”.

THE INDIAN TOLLS (ARMY AND AIR FORCE) ACT, 1901

(2 OF 1901)

Section 3.—In clause (a), in sub-clause (ii), omit “or” and omit sub-clause (iii).

In clause (d), in sub-clause (iii) omit “or” and omit sub-clause (iv).

THE INDIAN TRAMWAYS ACT, 1902

(4 OF 1902)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE INDIAN WORKS OF DEFENCE ACT, 1903

(7 OF 1903)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE INDIAN FOREIGN MARRIAGE ACT, 1903

(14 OF 1903)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE INDIAN EXTRADITION ACT, 1903

(15 OF 1903)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

Section 2.—In clause (g), for “for the time being comprised within Part A States and Part C States” substitute “to which this Act extends”.

Sections 7, 9, 10, 11 and 12.—For “Part B State” substitute “part of India to which this Act does not extend”.

The First Schedule.—Omit “maintained by a Part B State”

THE CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, 1908

(5 OF 1908)

Section 1.—In sub-section (3), for “State of Manipur” substitute “Union territory of Manipur”.

In the proviso, omit “in the State of Madras” and for “Andhra” substitute “Andhra Pradesh”.

Section 7 and Order L Rule 1.—For “Part B States” substitute “any part of India to which the said Act does not extend”.

Section 35-A.—For “a Part B State” substitute “any part of India to which the said Act does not extend”.

Section 92.—For “a Part B State” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

Sections 116 and 122.—For “for Part A States and Part B States” substitute “not being the Court of a Judicial Commissioner”.

Section 129.—For “for a Part A State or a Part B State” substitute “not being the Court of a Judicial Commissioner”.

Section 130.—Omit “Part A”.

THE INDIAN LIMITATION ACT, 1908

(9 OF 1908)

Omit section 30

The First Schedule.—In article 162, for “the High Courts of Judicature at Fort William, Madras, Bombay and Nagpur and the High Court of Punjab”, substitute “the High Courts at Calcutta and Madras and the High Courts of Bombay, Madhya Pradesh and Punjab”.

THE INDIAN CRIMINAL LAW AMENDMENT ACT, 1908

(14 OF 1908)

Section 1.—For sub-section (2), substitute—

“(2) It extends to the whole of India except the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States.

(3) It applies to Assam and to the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the State of West Bengal; but the State Government of any State may, at any time, by notification in the Official Gazette, bring the whole or any part thereof into force in the territories under its administration to which this Act extends".

THE INDIAN PORTS ACT, 1908

(15 OF 1908)

Section 48.—For "in the State of Madras or in the State of Andhra" substitute "in the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the States of Madras and Andhra".

THE PRESIDENCY TOWNS INSOLVENCY ACT, 1909

(3 OF 1909)

Section 2.—In clause (j), for "for the time being comprised" substitute "which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised".

THE ANAND MARRIAGE ACT, 1909

(7 OF 1909)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for "Part B States" substitute "the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States".

THE DOURINE ACT, 1910

(5 OF 1910)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for "Part B States" substitute "the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States".

THE INDIAN ELECTRICITY ACT, 1910.

(9 OF 1910)

Section 36A.—In sub-section (2), for clauses (c) and (d) substitute—

"(c) one member to be nominated by the Central Government to represent each of the Union territories of Delhi, Himachal Pradesh, Manipur and Tripura;

(d) one member to be nominated by the Railway Board;"

In sub-section (3), omit "otherwise than by the expiry of the term of office of the member referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (2)."

After sub-section (5), insert—

"(6) In this section 'State' does not include a Union territory."

After section 36A, insert—

36B. Certain members affected by States' reorganisation to vacate offices.—Notwithstanding anything contained in section 36A, all the members of the Board nominated by the Governments of the Part A States of Bombay, Madhya Pradesh and Punjab, the Part B States and the Part C States and holding office immediately before the 1st day of November, 1956, shall on that day be deemed to have vacated their offices as such."

THE INDIAN PATENTS AND DESIGNS ACT, 1911.

(2 of 1911)

Section 2.—For clause (7), substitute:

“(7) ‘High Court’ means—

- (a) in relation to a State, the High Court for that State;
- (b) in relation to the Union territory of Delhi or Himachal Pradesh, the High Court of Punjab;
- (c) in relation to the Union territory of Manipur or Tripura, the High Court of Assam;
- (d) in relation to the Union territory of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, the High Court at Calcutta; and
- (e) in relation to the Union territory of the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands, the High Court of Kerala.”

THE PREVENTION OF SEDITIOUS MEETINGS ACT, 1911.

(10 of 1911)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.**THE COWASJEE JEHANGIR BARONETCY ACT, 1911.**

(19 of 1911)

Section 6.—For “a Part A State” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part A States”.**THE COOPERATIVE SOCIETIES ACT, 1912**

(2 of 1912)

Section 1.—In sub-section 2, for “Part B States” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.**THE INDIAN LUNACY ACT, 1912**

(4 of 1912)

Section 2.—Omit “for a Part A State”.**THE BENGAL, BIHAR AND ORISSA AND ASSAM LAWS ACT, 1912.**

(7 of 1912)

Section 9.—After “article 372” insert “or 372A”.**THE WILD BIRDS AND ANIMALS PROTECTION ACT, 1912**

(8 of 1912)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “Part B States”, substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States”.

THE OFFICIAL TRUSTEES ACT, 1913

(2 OF 1913)

For **section 2**, substitute—

"2. In this Act, unless, there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) 'Government' or 'the Government' means, in relation to a State, the State Government and, in relation to a Union territory, the Central Government:

(2) 'High Court' means—

(a) in relation to a State, the High Court for that State;

(b) in relation to the Union territory of Delhi or Himachal Pradesh, the High Court of Punjab;

(c) in relation to the Union territory of Manipur or Tripura, the High Court of Assam;

(d) in relation to the Union territory of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, the High Court at Calcutta; and

(e) in relation to the Union territory of the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands, the High Court of Kerala.

(3) 'prescribed' means prescribed by rules under this Act."

Omit **section 3**.

Section 4.—For the first paragraph in sub-section (1), substitute "The Government shall appoint an Official Trustee for each State;"

After section 32A, insert—

"32B. Special provision regarding certain Official Trustees affected by States' reorganisation.—The amendments of this Act which come into force on the 1st November, 1956, shall not affect any legal proceedings pending in any court on that date and where, on account of the reorganisation of States under the States Reorganisation Act, 1956, or the Bihar and West Bengal (Transfer of Territories) Act, 1956, the whole or any part of a State is transferred to any other State, such transfer of the territory of the State shall not be construed as automatically transferring any property from any Official Trustee to any other Official Trustee; but if, by reason of such transfer of territory, it appears to the Central Government that the whole or any part of the property vested in an Official Trustee, should be vested in another Official Trustee, that Government may direct that the property will be so vested and thereupon it shall vest in that other Official Trustee and his successors as fully and effectually for the purposes of this Act, as if it had been originally vested in him under this Act."

THE ADMINISTRATOR GENERAL'S ACT, 1913

(3 OF 1913)

Section 2.—In clause (3), add at the end "and in relation to any Union territory, the Central Government."

For clause (12) substitute:—

"(12) 'High Court' means—

(a) in relation to a State, the High Court for that State;

- (b) in relation to the Union Territory of Delhi or Himachal Pradesh, the High Court of Punjab;
- (c) in relation to the Union territory of Manipur or Tripura, the High Court of Assam;
- (d) in relation to the Union territory of the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, the High Court at Calcutta; and
- (e) in relation to the Union territory of the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands, the High Court of Kerala."

Omit clause (13).

Section 3.—For the first paragraph in sub-section (1), substitute "The Government shall appoint an Administrator General for each State."

After **section 59A**, insert:—

"59-B. Special provision regarding certain Administrators General affected by States' reorganisation.—The amendments of this Act which come into force on the 1st November, 1956, shall not affect the jurisdiction of any Court with respect to any proceedings then pending before it and where, on account of the reorganisation of States under the States Reorganisation Act, 1956, or the Bihar and West Bengal (Transfer of Territories) Act, 1956, the whole or any part of a State is transferred to any other State, such transfer of the territory of the State shall not be construed as automatically transferring any property from any Administrator General to any other Administrator General; but if, by reason of such transfer of territory, it appears to the Central Government that the whole or any part of the property vested in an Administrator General should be vested in another Administrator General, that Government may direct that the property shall be so vested and thereupon it shall vest in that other Administrator General and his successors as fully and effectually for the purposes of this Act, as if it had been originally vested in him under this Act."

THE WHITE PHOSPHORUS MATCHES PROHIBITION ACT, 1913

(5 of 1913)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for "Part B States" substitute "the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States".

THE MUSSALMAN WAKF VALIDATING ACT, 1913

(6 of 1913)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for "Part B States", substitute "the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States".

THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES LOANS ACT, 1914

(9 of 1914)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2) for "Part B States" substitute "the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States".

THE INDIAN MEDICAL DEGREES ACT, 1916

(7 OF 1916)

Section 2.—For “the territories for the time being comprised” substitute “the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised”.

THE HINDU DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY ACT, 1916

(15 OF 1916)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for “except Part B States and the State of Madras” substitute “except the territories which, immediately before the 26th January, 1950, were comprised in the Province of Madras and the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in Part B States” and for “to the State of Madras” substitute “to any part of the said territories of Madras”.

THE INDIAN BAR COUNCILS ACT, 1926

(38 OF 1926)

Section 1.—In sub-section (2) for “every Part A State and every Part B State” substitute “every State” and for “Part C States” substitute “Union territories”.

Omit sub-section (3).

After section 19, insert:—

“20. Transitional provision regarding certain Bar Councils affected by States’ reorganisation.—(1) The Bar Councils for the High Courts of the States of Bombay, Madhya Pradesh, Mysore, Punjab, Rajasthan and Travancore-Cochin functioning immediately before the 1st day of November, 1956, shall be deemed to be the Bar Councils for the High Courts of the corresponding new States of Bombay, Madhya Pradesh, Mysore, Punjab, Rajasthan and Kerala, respectively.

(2) As from the said day,—

- (a) the Bar Councils for the High Courts of Hyderabad and Saurashtra shall stand dissolved, and
- (b) the assets and liabilities of the Bar Council for the High Court of Hyderabad shall stand transferred to, the Bar Councils for the High Courts of Andhra Pradesh, Bombay and Mysore and be divided among them in such proportion as may be agreed upon, and in default of such agreement, in the proportion of 57·61 : 27·31 : 14·58.

THE JUDICIAL COMMISSIONERS’ COURTS (DECLARATION AS HIGH COURTS) ACT, 1950

(15 OF 1950)

Long title.—For “the Judicial Commissioners’ Courts in Part C States” substitute “certain Judicial Commissioners’ Courts”.

Section 3.—For section 3, substitute:—

“3. Declaration of certain Judicial Commissioners’ Courts as High Courts for certain purposes.—The Courts of the Judicial Commissioners for Himachal Pradesh, Manipur and Tripura (each of which

is hereinafter referred to as a Judicial Commissioner's Court) is hereby declared to be a High Court for the purposes of articles 132, 133 and 134."

Section 6.—In clause (a), for "230, 231 and 232" substitute "230, and 231".

In clause (b), for "the Chief Commissioner of the State" substitute "the administrator of the Union territory".

THE PART C STATES LAWS ACT, 1950

(30 OF 1950)

Long title and section 1.—For "Part C States" substitute "Union territories".

Section 2.—For "any Part C State (other than Coorg and the Andaman and Nicobar Islands) or to any part of such State", substitute "the Union territory of Delhi, Himachal Pradesh, Manipur or Tripura or to any part of such territory", and for "Part A State" substitute "State".

THE BHOPAL AND VINDHYA PRADESH (COURTS) ACT, 1950

(41 OF 1950)

Throughout the Act, save as otherwise expressly provided, for "State" and "States" substitute "Division" and "Divisions" respectively, for "Chief Commissioner" substitute "State Government" and for "Judicial Commissioner" or "Court of the Judicial Commissioner" substitute "High Court" and make such consequential amendments as the rules of grammar may require.

Long title.—Omit "Judicial Commissioners' Courts and other"

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), omit "the States of".

Section 2.—For clauses (i) and (ii) substitute:—

"(i) "Bhopal" means the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the Part C State of Bhopal.

(ii) "Division" means the Division of Bhopal or the Division of Vindhya Pradesh, as the case may be."

Omit clause (vi).

After clause (vii) insert:—

"(viii) "Vindhya Pradesh" means the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the Part C State of Vindhya Pradesh."

Omit **Chapter II**.

Section 14.—Omit "the Court of the Judicial Commissioner and" and omit "the State of".

Section 15.—For "the State" substitute "Bhopal and Vindhya Pradesh".

Section 35.—Omit sub-section (1) and in sub-section (2) for "under sub-section (1)" substitute "for the exercise of its jurisdiction under section 34".

Section 42 shall stand unmodified.

THE REPRESENTATION OF THE PEOPLE ACT, 1950

(43 OF 1950)

Throughout the Act, for "Part C State" and "Part C States" wherever they occur, substitute "Union territory" and "Union territories", respectively.

Section 2.—In sub-section (1)—

(a) In clause (c), for "by order made under section 11" substitute "by law";

(b) For clause (cc), substitute:

"(cc) "electoral college constituency" means a constituency provided under Part IV-A for the purpose of election of members to the electoral college for any Union territory;"

(c) for clause (i), substitute:

"(i) "State" includes a Union territory;

(j) "State Government", in relation to a Union territory, means the administrator thereof".

Omit sub-section (2).

Section 3.—For sub-section (1), substitute

"(1) The allocation of seats in the House of the People as first constituted under the Constitution shall be as shown in Part I of the First Schedule and the allocation of seats in the House of the People as subsequently constituted shall be as shown in Part II of that Schedule".

Section 3A.—For "under section 3" substitute "by Part I of the First Schedule".

Section 4.—In sub-section (1), after "Islands" insert "to the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands".

Omit section 6.

Section 7.—substitute:—

"7. **Total number of seats in the Legislative Assemblies.**—The total number of seats in the Legislative Assembly of each State specified in the first column of the Second Schedule, to be filled by persons chosen by direct election shall,—

(a) in respect of that Assembly as constituted on the 1st of November, 1956, be the number specified in the second column thereof opposite to that State; and

(b) in respect of that Assembly as subsequently constituted, or in the case of the Legislative Assembly of Andhra Pradesh as partially reconstituted under the provisions of section 29 of the States Reorganisation Act, 1956, be the number specified in the third column thereof opposite to that State."

Omit section 9.

Section 10.—In sub-section (2), clause (c), omit "or Rajpramukh, as the case may be".

After sub-section (2), insert:—

“(3) Nothing in this section shall apply in relation to the Legislative Councils of Bombay, Mysore and Punjab as provisionally constituted under sub-section (2) of section 34, sub-section (2) of section 36 and sub-section (2) of section 37 of the States Reorganisation Act, 1956”.

Section 27A.—In sub-section (1), omit “or group of such States”, and for “each such State” substitute “each such territory”.

In sub-section (2), for “State” at both places, substitute “Union territory”.

In sub-section (3), for “any State so specified” substitute “Manipur or Tripura”, for “in that State” substitute “in that Union territory”, for “for that State” substitute “for that territory” and for “such State” substitute “that territory”.

In sub-section (4), for “any such State as is referred to in sub-section (2)” substitute “Manipur or Tripura”.

For sub-section (5) substitute:—

“(5) The electoral college for each of the Union territories of Delhi and Himachal Pradesh shall consist of the persons who immediately before the 1st day of November, 1956, were members of the Legislative Assembly of the State of Delhi or Himachal Pradesh as the case may be”.

Section 27B.—For “State” substitute “Union territory” and for “order” substitute “or”.

Section 27C.—In clause (a), for “each State” substitute “each Union territory” and for “such State” substitute “that territory”; and add the following proviso:—

“Provided that the orders made by the President under section 4 of the Government of Part C States Act, 1951, in respect of Delhi and Himachal Pradesh, as subsequently amended and in force immediately before the 1st day of November, 1956, shall as from that day be deemed to be orders made by the President under this section determining the electoral college constituencies for the Union territories of Delhi and Himachal Pradesh, respectively”.

Section 27H.—Omit “Save as otherwise provided in section 27 I”, omit “or group of such States”, for “such State” substitute “that territory” and add the following proviso:—

“Provided that the person who immediately before the commencement of the Constitution (Seventh Amendment) Act, 1956, is filling the seat allotted to the Part C States of Manipur and Tripura shall, as from such commencement, be deemed to have been duly elected to fill the seat allotted to the Union territory of Tripura”.

Omit sections 27 I and 27 K.

The First Schedule.—For the heading “Allocation of Seats in the House of the People” substitute:—

“PART I

Allocation of seats in the House of the People as first constituted under the Constitution.”

At the end, add the following:—

PART II

Allocation of seats in the House of the People as subsequently constituted.

Name of State, Union territory or area	Total number of seats
1. Andhra Pradesh	43
2. Assam	12
3. Bihar	53
4. Bombay	66
5. Kerala	18
6. Madhya Pradesh	36
7. Madras	41
8. Mysore	26
9. Orissa	20
10. Punjab	22
11. Rajasthan	22
12. Uttar Pradesh	86
13. West Bengal	36
14. Jammu and Kashmir	6
15. Delhi	5
16. Himachal Pradesh	4
17. Manipur	2
18. Tripura	2
19. Andaman and Nicobar Islands	1
20. Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands	1
21. Part B Tribal areas	1
TOTAL	503

The Second Schedule.—For the Table, substitute:—

Name of State	Total number of seats in the Legislative Assembly	
	As Constituted on the 1st November, 1956	As subsequently constituted or partially reconstituted
1	2	3
1. Andhra Pradesh	297	301
2. Assam	108	108
3. Bihar	320	318
4. Bombay	469	396
5. Kerala	18	26
6. Madhya Pradesh	339	88
7. Madras	189	205
8. Mysore	209	208
9. Orissa	140	140
10. Punjab	186	154
11. Rajasthan	189	176
12. Uttar Pradesh	430	430
13. West Bengal	249	252

The Third Schedule.—For the Table, substitute:—

Name of State	Total number of seats	Number to be elected or nominated under article 171(3)				
		Sub-clause (a)	Sub-clause (b)	Sub-clause (c)	Sub-clause (d)	Sub-clause (e)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Bihar . . .	72	24	6	6	24	12
2. Bombay . . .	72	24	6	6	24	12
3. Madhya Pradesh . . .	72	24	6	6	24	12
4. Madras . . .	48	16	4	4	16	8
5. Uttar Pradesh . . .	72	24	6	6	24	12
6. Mysore . . .	52	18	4	4	18	8
7. Punjab . . .	40	13	3	3	13	8
8. West Bengal . . .	51	17	4	4	17	9

The Fourth Schedule.—After the entries relating to Bombay, insert:—

“*Madhya Pradesh :*

1. Municipalities.
2. District Boards.
3. Cantonment Boards.
4. Notified Area Committees.”

After the entries relating to Madras, insert:—

“*Mysore :*

1. Municipalities.
2. District Boards and District Local Boards.
3. Cantonment Boards.”

Omit the entries at the end relating to Mysore.

The Fifth Schedule.—Substitute:—

“THE FIFTH SCHEDULE

(See sections 27A(2), 27D & 27C)

Number of members of electoral colleges.

Name of Union territory	Number of members
1. Delhi	48
2. Himachal Pradesh	41
3. Manipur	30
4. Tripura	30”

THE REPRESENTATION OF THE PEOPLE ACT, 1951

(43 OF 1951)

Section 2.—In clauses (b) and (d) of sub-section (1) and in clause (c) of sub-section (3), for “scheduled Part C State” substitute “Union territory”.

Omit clauses (h) and (j) of sub-section (1).

In sub-section (5) for “Part C State” substitute “Union territory”.

For section 3, substitute:—

“3. Qualification for membership of the Council of States.—A person shall not be qualified to be chosen as a representative of any State (other than the State of Jammu and Kashmir) or Union territory in the Council of States unless he is an elector for a Parliamentary Constituency in that State or territory”.

Section 4.—After “Nicobar Islands” insert “to the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands”.

Section 6.—In sub-section (2), omit “or the Rajpramukh, as the case may be”.

Section 10.—For “Part C States” substitute “Union territories”, for “scheduled Part C State” substitute “Union territory” and for “that State” substitute “that territory”.

Section 11.—For “Part C States” substitute “Union territories” and for “scheduled Part C State” substitute “Union territory”.

Section 13.—For “Part C States” substitute “Union territories”, for “a scheduled Part C State” substitute “the Union territory of Manipur or Tripura” and for “the State” substitute “that territory”.

Section 15.—In sub-section (2), omit “Rajpramukh, Lieutenant Governor or Chief Commissioner, as the case may be” and “or under the provisions of section 5 of the Government of Part C States Act, 1951 (49 of 1951), as the case may be”.

Section 16.—Omit “or Rajpramukh, as the case may be”.

Section 32.—Omit “or under the provisions of the Government of Part C States Act, 1951 (49 of 1951), as the case may be”.

Section 36.—In clause (a) of sub-section (2), after “191” insert “and” and omit “and sections 7 and 17 of the Government of Part C States Act, 1951 (49 of 1951)”.

Section 39.—For “Part C State” substitute “Union territory”.

Section 55.—Omit “or under the Government of Part C States Act, 1951, as the case may be”.

Section 67A.—For “scheduled Part C State” substitute “Union territory”.

Section 71.—For “Part C States” substitute “Union territories”.

Section 72.—For “Part C States” substitute “Union territories” and for “a scheduled Part C State” substitute “the Union territory of Manipur or Tripura”.

Section 73.—For “President, Governor or Rajpramukh” substitute “President or Governor”.

Section 74.—Omit “or Rajpramukh, as the case may be”.

Section 100.—In clause (a) of sub-section (1), omit “or the Government of Part C States Act, 1951 (49 of 1951)”.

Section 147.—Renumber as sub-section (1) and add the following sub-section:—

“(2) As soon as may be after the date of commencement of the Constitution (Seventh Amendment) Act, 1956, bye-elections shall be held to fill the vacancies existing on that date in the seats allotted to the States of Assam, Orissa and Uttar Pradesh and the Union territories of Delhi, Himachal Pradesh and Manipur.”

Section 148.—For “Part C States” substitute “Union territories” and for “scheduled Part C State” substitute “Union territory”.

Section 152.—For “Part C State” substitute “Union territory”.

Section 154.—For sub-section (1), substitute:—

“(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-sections (2) and (2A), the term of office of a member of the Council of States, other than a member chosen to fill a casual vacancy, shall be six years.”

In sub-section (2), omit “Subject as aforesaid, the term of office of a member of the Council of States, other than a member chosen to fill a casual vacancy, shall be six years, but”.

After sub-section (2), insert:—

“(2A) In order that, as nearly as may be, one-third of the members may retire on the second day of April, 1958, and on the expiration of every second year thereafter, the President shall, as soon as may be after the commencement of the Constitution (Seventh Amendment) Act, 1956, after consultation with the Election Commission, make by order such provisions as he thinks fit in regard to the terms of office of the members elected under sub-section (2) of section 147.”

Section 156.—Omit “or the Rajpramukh, as the case may be.”

THE AJMER COURTS REGULATION, 1926.

(CENTRAL REGULATION No. 9 OF 1926)

Throughout the Regulation, save as otherwise expressly provided, for "Chief Commissioner" substitute "State Government" and for "Judicial Commissioner" substitute "High Court" and make such consequential amendments as the rules of grammar may require.

Section 1.—In sub-section (2), for "for the time being administered by the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer" substitute "which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the Part C State of Ajmer".

In sub-section (3) "Chief Commissioner" shall stand unmodified.

Section 2.—For "five grades" substitute "four grades" and omit clause (a).

Omit section 3.

Section 4.—For "Central Government" substitute "State Government".

Section 5.—Omit "with the previous sanction of the Central Government".

Omit section 27.

Section 28.—In sub-section (2) for "Central Government" substitute "State Government".

THE KUTCH (COURTS) ORDER, 1948.

Throughout the Order, save as otherwise expressly provided, for "Chief Commissioner" substitute "State Government" and for "Judicial Commissioner" or "Court of the Judicial Commissioner" substitute "High Court" and make such consequential amendments as the rules of grammar may require.

Paragraph 2.—Omit sub-paragraph (i) and for sub-paragraph (iii) substitute:—

"(iii) 'Kutch' means the territories which, immediately before the 1st November, 1956, were comprised in the Part C State of Kutch".

Omit paragraphs 3 to 9.

Omit paragraphs 11 and 12.

Paragraph 13.—Omit the proviso.

Omit paragraph 14.

Paragraph 15.—Omit "the Court of the Judicial Commissioner and".

Paragraph 36.—Omit sub-paragraph (1) and in sub-paragraph (2) for “under sub-paragraph (1)” substitute “for the exercise of its jurisdiction under paragraph 35”.

Paragraph 41.—For “Government of Kutch” substitute “State Government.”

Paragraph 43.—In sub-paragraph (1) omit “the Court of the Judicial Commissioner and”.

Omit paragraph 45.

RAJENDRA PRASAD,

President.

[No. F. 7/56-C.]

K. V. K. SUNDARAM,

Secretary to the Government of India.

